

# **PRELIMS TEST SERIES 2023**

# **General Studies**

Test - 5

## **TOPICS COVERED**

**HISTORY:** Medieval India - Art & Culture

#### **INDIAN POLITY**

- Parliament and State Legislature
- Executive System Centre & State
- Judiciary System The Supreme Court & High Courts
- Local Governments
- Committees and Commissions
- Other Constitutional Provisions

#### RELATED CURRENT AFFAIRS

- With reference to National Legal Services
   Authority, consider the following statements:
  - 1. Its objective is to provide free and competent legal services to the weaker sections of the society on the basis of equal opportunity.
  - 2. It issues guidelines for the State Legal Services Authorities to implement the legal programs and schemes throughout the country.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 2. With reference to Indian History, the Members of the Constituent Assembly from the Provinces were:
  - Directly elected by the people of those Provinces.
  - b) Nominated by the Indian National Congress and the Muslim League.
  - c) Elected by the Provincial Legislative Assemblies.
  - d) Selected by the Government for their expertise in constitutional matters.
- 3. Under the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006, who shall be the authority to initiate the process for determining the nature and extent of individual or community forest rights or both?
  - a) State Forest Department
  - b) District Collector/Deputy Commissioner
  - c) Tahsildar /Block Development Officer / Mandal Revenue Officer
  - d) Gram Sabha
- 4. 'Economic Justice', which is one of the objectives of the Indian Constitution is provided in:
  - a) The Preamble and Fundamental Rights.
  - b) The Preamble and the Directive Principles of State Policy.
  - The Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy.

- d) None of the above.
- 5. Consider the following statements:
  - An amendment to the Constitution of India can be initiated by an introduction of a bill in the Lok Sabha only.
  - If such an amendment seeks to make changes in the federal character of the Constitution, the amendment also requires to be ratified by the legislature of all the States of India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 6. Consider the following statements:
  - A Constitutional Government is one which Places effective restrictions on individual liberty in the interest of State Authority.
  - A Constitutional Government is one which Places effective restrictions on the Authority of the State in the interest of individual liberty.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 7. Consider the following statements:
  - The President shall make rules for the more convenient transaction of the business of the Government of India, and for the allocation among Ministers of the said business.
  - 2. All executive actions of the Government of India shall be expressed to be taken in the name of the Prime Minister.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only

- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 8. In the Constitution of India, promotion of international peace and security is included in the
  - a) Preamble to the Constitution
  - b) Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP)
  - c) Fundamental Duties
  - d) Ninth Schedule
- 9. Which of the following are the discretionary powers given to the Governor of a State?
  - 1. Sending a report to the President of India for imposing the President's rule.
  - 2. Appointing the Ministers.
  - 3. Reserving certain bills passed by the State Legislature for consideration of the President of India.
  - 4. Making the rules to conduct the business of the State Government.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 10. Which of the following is/are the function/functions of the Cabinet Secretariat?
  - 1. Preparation of agenda for Cabinet Meetings.
  - 2. Secretarial assistance to Cabinet Committees.
  - 3. Allocation of financial resources to the Ministries.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 11. There is a Parliamentary System of Government in India because the:
  - a) Lok Sabha is elected directly by the people
  - b) Parliament can amend the constitution
  - c) Rajya Sabha cannot be dissolved

- d) Council of Ministers is responsible to the Lok Sabha
- 12. Consider the following Statements regarding the DPSP/ Directive Principles of State Policy:
  - 1. The principles spell out the socioeconomic democracy in the country.
  - The provisions contained in these Principles are not enforceable by any court.

Which of the statements given below is correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 & 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 13. The ideal of "Welfare State" in the Indian Constitution is enshrined in its:
  - a) Preamble
  - b) Directive Principles of State Policy
  - c) Fundamental Rights
  - d) Seventh Schedule
- 14. Consider the following statements:
  - The Rajya Sabha has no power either to reject or to amend a Money Bill.
    - 2. The Rajya Sabha cannot vote on the Demands for Grants.
    - 3. The Rajya Sabha cannot discuss the Annual Financial Statement.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 15. The fundamental object of the Panchayati Raj system is to ensure which among the following?
  - 1. People's participation in development.
  - 2. Political accountability.
  - 3. Democratic decentralization.
  - 4. Financial mobilization.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 2 and 4 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 16. Consider the following statements:
  - 1. The minimum age prescribed for any person to be a member of Panchayat is 25 years.
  - 2. A Panchayat reconstituted after premature dissolution continues only for the remainder

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 17. Which of the following statements is/are correct?
  - 1. A bill pending in the Lok Sabha lapses on its prorogation.
  - 2. A bill pending in the Rajya Sabha, which has not been passed by the Lok Sabha, shall not lapse on dissolution of the Lok Sabha.

The mento Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 18. The Parliament of India acquires the power to legislate on any item in the State List in the national interest if a resolution to that effect is passed by the:
  - a) Lok Sabha by a simple majority of its total membership
  - b) Lok Sabha by a majority of not less than twothirds of its total membership
  - c) Rajya Sabha by a simple majority of its total membership
  - d) Rajya Sabha by a majority of not less than two-thirds of its members present and voting

- 19. With reference to the 'Gram Nyayalaya Act', which of the following statements is/are correct?
  - 1. As per the Act, Gram Nyayalayas can hear only civil cases and not criminal cases.
  - 2. The Act allows local social activists as mediators/reconciliators.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 20. Consider the following statements:
  - 1. The Chief Secretary in a State is appointed by the Governor of that State.
  - 2. The Chief Secretary in a State has a fixed tenure.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 21. One of the implications of equality in society is the absence of:
  - a) Privileges
  - b) Restraints
  - c) Competition
  - d) Ideology
- 22. Consider the following statements With reference to the Constitution of India, the Directive Principles of State Policy constitute limitations upon:
  - 1. Legislative function.
  - 2. Executive function.

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 23. With reference to the Parliament of India, consider the following statements:
- 1. A private member's bill is a bill presented by a Member of Parliament who is not elected but only nominated by the President of India.
- 2. Recently, a private member's bill has been passed in the Parliament of India for the first time in its history.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 24. The Parliament of India exercises control over the functions of the Council of Ministers through
  - 1. Adjournment motion.
  - 2. Question hour.
  - 3. Supplementary questions.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 25. The mind of the makers of the Constitution of India is reflected in which of the following?
  - e) The Preamble
  - f) The Fundamental Rights
  - g) The Directive Principles of State Policy
  - h) The Fundamental Duties
- 26. Which of the following are the powers of the Election Commission of India?
  - 1. Allow symbols to the political parties.
  - 2. Sets limits on poll expenses.
  - 3. Notify the updated list of registered political parties.
  - 4. Deregister inactive political parties.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 1, 3and 4 only
- c) 2, 3 and 4 only

- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 27. Which of the following schedules of the constitution gives a constitutional recognition to the existence of the system of "political parties" in India?
  - a) Third Schedule
  - b) Tenth Schedule
  - c) Seventh Schedule
  - d) Ninth Schedule
- 28. The Election Commission registers political parties for the purpose of elections and grants them recognition as national or state parties on the basis of their
  - 1. Poll performance.
  - 2. Financial backing.
  - 3. Number of elections contested.
  - 4. Cadre strength.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 1 only
- c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- d) 2 and 3
- 29. Consider the following statements regarding Election Commission of India.
  - The Chief Election Commissioner can be removed from his office in the same manner and on same grounds as a judge of the Supreme Court.
  - 2. The Constitution has prescribed the qualifications of the members of the Election Commission.
  - The Constitution has not debarred the retiring election commissioners from any further appointment by the government.

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

- 30. Consider the following statements regarding Law commission of India.
- Law Commission of India is neither a constitutional body nor a statutory body.
- It can suo motu review the existing laws in India for making reforms and enacting new legislation.
- 3. It is reconstituted every five years and its recommendations are not binding.

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 31. Speaker of the Lok Sabha is the chairman of which of the following committees?
  - 1. Rules Committee.
  - 2. Business Advisory Committee.
  - 3. Committee on Absence of Members from Sittings of the House.
  - 4. Committee on Private Members' Bills and Resolutions.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 32. Consider the following statements regarding Question Hour.
  - Asking of questions is an inherent and unfettered parliamentary right of members.
  - 2. Always the last hour of a sitting of Lok Sabha is devoted to the Questions and this hour is called the Question Hour.
  - 3. Sometimes questions may lead to the appointment of a Commission or a Court of Enquiry when matters raised by Members are of wide public importance.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

- 33. The 42nd Amendment Act of 1976 transferred which of the following subjects to Concurrent List from State List?
  - 1. Weights and measures.
  - 2. Protection of wild animals and birds.
  - 3. Economic and social planning.
  - 4. Administration of justice.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1, 2 and 3 only
- c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 34. Consider the following statements regarding Lok Sabha.
  - 1. Lok Sabha has a normal term of 5 years, after which it automatically dissolves.
  - 2. Once the Lok Sabha is dissolved before the completion of its normal tenure, the dissolution is irrevocable.
  - 3. Revocation of National Emergency is the exclusive power of Lok Sabha.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
  - c) 1 and 3 only
  - d) 1, 2 and 3
  - 35. According to the 44th Amendment Act of 1978, President's rule can only be extended over a year every 6 months under which of the following conditions?
    - There is already a national emergency throughout India or in the whole or any part of the state.
    - 2. The Election Commission certifies that elections cannot be conducted in the state concerned.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 36. Which of the following statements regarding Inter State Council is correct?
  - a) It is a permanent statutory body
  - b) Its recommendations are binding in nature.
  - c) It is headed by Minister of Home Affairs
  - d) None of the above statements are correct
- 37. Consider the following statements regarding Gram Sabha.
  - 1. Gram Sabha is a permanent body.
  - 2. Constitution mentions that Gram Sabha exercises such powers and performs such functions at the village level as the Legislature of a State may, by law, provide.
  - 3. The power to annul a decision of the Gram Sabha rests with the District Collector.

- a) 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) 2 and 3 only
- 38. Which of the following is/are *not* the federal features of the Indian Constitution?
  - 1. The Constitution is written and not easily amendable.
  - 2. State governments derive authority from the Centre.
  - 3. Equal number of seats for all states in Rajya Sabha.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 39. Consider the following statements.
  - Article 256 of the Constitution obligates the State government to ensure implementation of the laws made by Parliament.
  - The refusal to enforce the laws made by Parliament even after the Centre issues directions would empower the President to impose President's Rule in those States under Articles 356 and 365.

3. S.R. Bommai v. Union of India is a significant case on Indian federalism.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 40. Which of the following commissions are related to Centre-State Relations?
  - 1. Punchhi Commission.
  - 2. Administrative Reforms Commission.
  - 3. P J Nayak Committee.
  - 4. Sarkaria Commission.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1 and 4 only
- b) 1, 2 and 3 only
- c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 41. Consider the following statements.
- The High Court has the power to withdraw a case pending before a subordinate court and conduct the trial and award the sentence of death.
  - 2. The Supreme Court may allow a curative petition to reconsider its judgment, if it is established that there was a violation of principles of natural justice.
  - In India, the deprivation of life is constitutionally permissible, if it is done according to the procedure established by law.

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 42. Consider the following statements.
  - 1. The writ jurisdiction of the high court is wider than that of the Supreme Court.

2. The writ jurisdiction of the high court is exclusive in the state.

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 43. Consider the following statements regarding acting judge of a high court.
  - Chief Justice of India (CJI) appoints a duly qualified person as an acting judge of a high court.
  - 2. An acting judge holds office until the permanent judge resumes his office.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 44. Consider the following statements regarding Gram Nyayalayas.
  - Gram Nyayalayas were established through an act of parliament for speedy and easy access to justice system in the rural areas of India.
  - 2. Gram Nyayalayas are bound by the rules of evidence provided in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
  - The pecuniary jurisdiction of the Gram Nyayalayas are fixed by the respective High Courts.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 45. Consider the following statements regarding Recusal of Judges.
  - Recusal of Judges implies that, when there is a conflict of interest, a judge can withdraw from hearing a case.

- 2. There are no formal rules governing Recusal of Judges.
- 3. The practice comes from the principle that nobody can be a judge in her own case.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 46. Consider the following statements regarding Pardoning powers of President.
  - The power of pardon shall be exercised by the President on the advice of Council of Ministers.
  - 2. The President can exercise these powers in all cases where the punishment or sentence is for an offence against any law relating to a matter to which the executive power of the Union extends.
  - The original constitution provided for a small window for judicial review of the pardon powers of President for the purpose of ruling out any arbitrariness.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 47. Consider the following statements regarding Private member's Bill.
  - Like Government Bills, Private member's Bills can be introduced and discussed on any day.
  - 2. The admissibility is decided by the Chairman for Rajya Sabha and Speaker in the case of Lok Sabha.
  - 3. Its introduction in the House requires 15 days' prior notice.

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 48. Consider the following statements regarding Contingency Fund of India
  - Contingency Fund is created to meet some urgent or unforeseen expenditure of the government.
  - 2. This fund is at the disposal of the Parliament.
  - 3. The corpus of the Fund authorized by the Parliament, at present, is ₹ 500 crore.

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 1 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 49. On which of the following conditions, the President can impose President's rule in a state?
  - 1. Loss of majority in the Assembly due to a vote of no-confidence in the House.
  - 2. There's a breakdown of a coalition leading to the chief minister having a minority support in the House, and the CM fails to prove majority in the given period of time.
  - 3. Elections postponed on account of situations like natural disasters, war or epidemic.

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 50. Consider the following statements.
  - Nominated members of the Rajya Sabha have the same rights and privileges as elected members of Rajya Sabha with the right to vote in the election of the President.
  - 2. The Nominated members of the Rajya Sabha are subjected to disqualification, if they join a political party within six months of being nominated to the House.

Which of the above statements is/are *incorrect*?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 51. Right to Equality in the Indian constitution does *not* include?
  - a) Equality of opportunity in employment
  - b) Prohibition on discrimination on ground of religion
  - c) Abolition of titles
  - d) Rights of the accused and convicts
- 52. Writ of Mandamus is a command issued by the court. It can be issued to
  - 1. Inferior courts
  - 2. Governors of the State
  - 3. Tribunals
  - 4. Government

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 2 and 3 only
- b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 53. Consider the following statements.
  - 1. The right to get government aid for an educational institution run by a minority community, is a fundamental right.
  - According to Constitution of India, the State while granting aid to educational institutions, shall not discriminate against any educational institution on the ground that it is under the management of a minority, whether based on religion or language.

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 54. Consider the following statements.

- The equal protection of law concept originated from the United States Constitution, which means the law should be applied equally and fairly to all people.
- 2. Article 14 says that the State shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India.
- 3. Article 14 forbids class legislation and reasonable classification of persons.

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

#### 55. Consider the following statements

- Equal pay for equal work for men and women is one of the element/ features of Fundamental Rights.
- A person shall not be a citizen of India if he/she has voluntarily acquired the citizenship of any foreign state.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 56. Which of the following are devices of direct democracy?
  - 1. Recall
  - 2. Citizen's Initiative
  - 3. Referendum
  - 4. Plebiscite

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 57. Consider the following statements.
  - 1. The Constitution of India provides for a parliamentary form of government, both at the Centre and in the States.

- 2. The parliamentary system of government in India is part of the basic structure of the Constitution.
- 3. In the Presidential System of Government, the executive is responsible to the legislature for its policies and acts.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 58. Consider the following statements regarding Rajya Sabha elections.
  - The Third Schedule to the Constitution provides for allocation of Rajya Sabha seats to the states and Union Territories, on the basis of the population of each state.
  - 2. Rajya Sabha MPs are elected by the elected members of state Assemblies through a system of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote.
- transferable vote.

  3. A nominated member of Rajya Sabha may join a political party after six months of taking a seat, to avoid disqualification.

  Which of the content of

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 2 and 3 only
- 59. A Democratic constitution would lose its credibility if
  - a) It is heavily based on the Constitution of another nation.
  - b) It is not based on secular ideas.
  - c) The people behind framing the Constitution were unelected.
  - d) It centralizes power from the federal units into the Union government.

- 60. The main advantage of the parliamentary form of government is that
  - a) the executive and legislature work independently.
  - b) it provides continuity of policy and is more efficient.
  - c) the executive remains responsible to the legislature.
  - d) the head of the government cannot be changed without election
- 61. Consider the following pairs regarding Indo-Islamic architecture:

Technique/Style		Features
		Decorative patterns
1.	Pietra-dura	with a sense of
	technique	symmetry and
		geometry
2.	Arabesque Style	Extensive use of Arabic
		Calligraphy as
		decoration
3.	Foreshortening technique	Inscriptions appear to
		be closer than they
		really are
4.	Arcuate Style	Use of Arches, Domes
		and Minars

How many of the above pairs are correctly The mento matched?

- a) One pair only
- b) Two pairs only
- c) Three pairs only
- d) All four pairs
- 62. Who among the following rulers brought two Ashokan pillars to Delhi and then attempted to decipher the inscriptions but failed?
  - a) Humayun
  - b) Iltutmish
  - c) Jahangir
  - d) Feroz Shah Tughlaq
- 63. Consider the following pars:
  - Pratiharas- referred as Al Juzr by Arabs. 1.
  - 2. Palas- referred as Ruhma by Arabs.
  - 3. Rashtrakutas- referred as Ballaharas by Arabs.

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 64. "Prominently referred to as Tuti-i-Hind or Parrot of India, he was a prolific Persian poet, a good musician, a soldier, a diplomat and shrewd in court matters. A true versatile person he witnessed the rule and fall of eight rulers"

Which of the below personalities from Medieval India does the above paragraph refer to?

- a) Al Beruni
- b) Amir Khusro
- c) Abul Fazl
- d) Tansen
- Jking for 65. The ancient 'Kudavolai' system adopted by the Imeprial Cholas is related to:
  - a) A revenue collection system
  - b) A form of local currency
- c) A system of representative election
  - d) A system of canal irrigation
- 66. Which of the following statements is/are correct with respect to Mahmud of Ghazni?
  - 1. The purpose of his raids was to annex and rule Indian territories.
  - 2. He defeated Jayapala, a Hindushahi King from Peshawar.
  - 3. Famous poets like Firdausi and Alberuni visited his court.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 only
- b) 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 67. Arrange the following events in the history of India in chronological order:

- 1. Rise of Chola power under Rajendra I.
- 2. Domingo Paes visited India.
- 3. The battle of Rakshasa Tangadi.
- 4. Bahmani kingdom founded by Alauddin Hasan.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1-2-4-3
- b) 1-4-3-2
- c) 1-4-2-3
- d) 3-4-1-2
- 68. With reference to administration under the Delhi Sultanate, consider the following statements:
  - 1. 'Chahalgani' refers to group of forty most powerful merchants
  - 2. Feroz Tughlaq undertook humanitarian and developmental measures
  - 3. Alauddin Khilji devised measures to control the market

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1 and 3 only
- 69. Which of the following statements is/are correct about Amoghavarsha, one of the greatest rulers of Rashtrakuta empire?
  - 1. He followed Jainism but also patronized other faiths.
  - 2. He wrote 'Kavi Raja Marga' one of the earliest literary works in Kannada.
  - 3. He is often referred to as Ashoka of the South.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 70. In the context of Medieval Indian Architecture, consider the following statements:

- 1. Trabeate style of architecture is characterised by primary use of stone.
- 2. Arcuate style is characterised by use of brick, lime, plaster for constructions.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 71. Consider the following statements regarding Early Medieval Kingdoms in India:
  - 1. The Pala dynasty was founded by Dharmapala.
  - 2. Mihir Bhoja of Gurjara Pratihara dynasty assumed title of 'Adi Varaha'.
  - 3. The capital of Rashtrakuta dynasty was Manyakhet.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 2 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1 and 3 only
- 72. Match the following pairs:

Department			Purpose
A.	Diwan-i-Arz	1.	Agriculture
В.	Diwan-i-Kohi	2.	Charity
C.	Diwan-i-	3.	Religious
	Risalat		matters
D.	Diwan-i-	1	Military
	Khairat	4.	

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- a) 4-1-3-2
- b) 4-1-2-3
- c) 1-4-3-2
- d) 1-4-2-3
- 73. Consider the following statements with reference to the Iqtadari system under Delhi Sultanate:
  - 1. It is an administrative innovation by Delhi Sultanate for revenue collection.

- 2. Mugti is responsible for revenue collection in the iqta.
- 3. It is the duty of Muqti to maintain law and order in the iqta.

- a) 2 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- 74. Consider the following statements regarding Chola Dynasty:
  - 1. Raja Raja Chola I led a successful military conquest on Maldives and Sri Lanka.
  - 2. Rajendra Chola is the main protagonist of Kalki's novel Ponniyin Selvan.
  - 3. Raja Raja Chola I assumed the title 'Gangaikonda' – Conqueror of the Ganges.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1 and 3 only
- 75. In the context of Judicial administration under Delhi Sultanate, consider the following statements:
  - 1. The Qazi dispensed civil law based on Sharia on Muslim subjects only.
  - 2. The Hindus were governed by their own personal laws as dispensed by panchayats.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 76. Which of the following Schools of architecture in Medieval India is known for its environmental adaptations such as large windows, arched pavilions, use of baulis and use of locally available materials?
  - a) Jaunpur School
  - b) Bijapur School
  - c) Malwa School

- d) Bengal School
- 77. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding Mughal Architecture in India:
  - a) Buland Darwaza was constructed by Akbar to commemorate his victory over Gujarat.
  - b) Shahjahan developed Shalimar Gardens in Srinagar, Kashmir.
  - c) Marble replaced red sandstone as chief construction material during reign of Jahangir.
  - d) Biwi ka Magbara was constructed by Mhd.Azam Shah for his mother Dilras Begum.
- 78. Who among the following Mughal Emperors was responsible for establishing an entire department to develop paintings and hired artists for the art studio 'Tasvir Khana': nlookin
  - a) Babur
  - b) Humayun
  - c) Akbar
  - d) Jahangir
- 79. With respect to Zamindari system under Mughals, which of the following statements is/are correct?
  - 1. Unlike the Zamindars during British rule, Zamindars under Mughals had control over military resources.
  - 2. Zamindars had a hereditary right over revenue collection from their lands.

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 and 2
- 80. Who among the following were regarded as 'king makers' in the Mughal politics of 18th century?
  - 1. Hussain Ali Khan
  - 2. Abdullah Khan
  - 3. Sayyid Ali Khan

Select the correct answer from codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 81. In the context Rogan Art, consider the following statements:
  - 1. It is an indigenous textile painting art practiced in West Bengal
  - 2. It uses a rich and bright coloured paint made from castor oil and natural colours.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 82. Match the following:

School of Painting		Associated art
1.	Mewar School	Tamasha Paintings
2.	Kishangarh School	Bani Thani
3.	Kangra School	Gita Govindam

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched? The men

- a) 2 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1, 2 and 3
- d) None
- 83. With respect to Imperial Style of architecture of Delhi Sultanate, consider the following statements:

Sultanate	Style of Architecture
1. Slave Dynasty	Mameluk Style
2. Khilji Dynasty	Seljuk Style
3. Tughlaq Dynasty	Batter construction
4. Lodi Dynasty	Double domes

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

a) One pair only

- b) Two pairs only
- c) Three pairs only
- d) All four pairs
- 84. "The Mughal paintings reached its zenith during his reign. He himself was a good artist and naturalist, preferred the paintings of flora and fauna. Elaborative decorative margins around the paintings developed during his reign". Which Mughal Emperor does this passage refer to?
  - a) Humayun
  - b) Akbar
  - c) Jahangir
  - d) Shah Jahan
- 85. Consider the following statements regarding Sankirtana:
  - 1. It is a ritualistic dance and music form of Assam
  - 2. This was developed by people of Meitei culture
  - 3. It was included in the UNESCO's Intangible Cultural Heritage List

Which of the above statements are incorrect?

- a) 1, 2 and 3
- b) 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 2 and 3 only
- 86. Consider the following statements regarding Mansabdari system introduced by Akbar:
  - 1. 'Sawar' denotes the rank and salary of a Mansabar.
  - 2. 'Zat' denotes the number of cavalry men under a Mansabdar.

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 87. Which of the following statements is correct regarding Sufi Movement in India:

- a) The Chishti order was founded in India by Sheik Nizamuddin Auliya.
- b) All Sufi orders believed and followed the law of Sharia.
- c) The poems of Khwaja Muinuddin Chisti were included in Guru Granth Sahib.
- d) Suhrawardi Silsilah did not believe in life of poverty and accepted royal patronage.
- 88. Which of the following statements are correct with reference to Bhakti Saint Shankaradeva:
  - 1. He was the founder of Ekasarana movement in Assam.
  - 2. He is known for developing Sattriya and Ankia Nat to propagate worship of Krishna.
  - 3. He was a contemporary of Chaitanya Mahaprabhu.

Choose the correct answer using codes below:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 89. Consider the following statements about Kalighat paintings
  - The theme of these paintings were mostly mythological characters that later evolved to other secular and contemporary themes.
  - 2. The brushwork on these paintings is deemed by experts as deft, seamless, flowing and one of the smoothest art forms in India.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 90. Who among the following founded a new city on the south bank of a tributary of river Krishna and undertook to rule his kingdom as the agent of a deity to whom all the land south of the river Krishna was supposed to belong?
  - a) Harihara
  - b) Amoghavarsha
  - c) Prataparudra

- d) Ganapatideva
- 91. Consider the following statements regarding the taxation system in Delhi Sultanate:
  - 1. Zakat is a religious tax realized from well to do Muslims.
  - 2. Kham is the tax on mines and treasure troves.
  - 3. Kharaj is the tax on land and agricultural produce.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2, 3
- 92. Who among the following propounded 'Pushtimarga'
  - a) Vallabhacharya
  - b) Ramanujacharya
  - c) Chaitanya Mahaparbhu
  - d) Ramananda
- 93. Consider the following statements regarding teaching of Guru Nanak:
  - 1. He asked his followers to practise ascetism and renounce comfort to attain salvation.
  - 2. He was not in favour of idol worship
  - 3. He developed new form of worship through sangat and kirtan.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 94. In the context of literary development during the Vijayanagara period, consider the following statements:
  - 1. Amukta Malyada was composed by Thimmana.
  - 2. Manu Charitram was written by Allasani Peddana.

3. Tenali Ramakrishna wrote Panduranga Mahatyam.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- 95. Consider the following statements with reference to Virashaiva tradition:
  - 1. It is an anti-caste spiritual movement led by Basavanna in 12th Century.
  - 2. Basavanna used 'Vachanaas' to raise societal consciousness.
  - 3. He established Anubhava Mantapa to openly engage in spiritual debates.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- 96. Who was the first English merchant to visit the Mughal court during reign of Akbar?
  - a) Ralph Fitch
  - b) John Hawkins
  - c) Thomas Roe
  - d) Thomas Best
- 97. Famous French travellers Bernier and Tavernier and Italian traveller Manucci visited India during the reign of this Mughal Emperor and left behind detailed accounts of India. Who is the Mughal Emperor being referred to?
  - a) Akbar
  - b) Shah Jahan
  - c) Jahangir
  - d) Aurangzeb
- 98. Consider the following terms regarding units of territorial administration under Mughal Empire:
  - 1. Khalisa: Income from these lands went directly to the royal exchequer.
  - 2. Jagirs: These are lands allotted to nobles and membertss of the royal families.

3. Inams: These are gifted lands allotted to learned and educated men.

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched:

- a) 2 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3
- 99. Arrange the following Battles during Mughal reign in chronological order:
  - 1. Battle of Haldighati
  - 2. Battle of Bilgram
  - 3. Battle of Samugarh
  - 4. Battle of Panipat II

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- a) 2-1-3-4
- b) 1-2-4-3
- c) 2-4-1-3
- d) 4-2-3-1
- looking for 100. In the context of Literary development during Mughals, the book 'Razamnama' is related to
  - a) Persian translation of Ramayana
  - b) Persian translation of Mahabharata
  - c) Persian translation of Panchatantra
  - d) Persian translation of Rajataranagni

mento

1.	С	
2.	С	
3.	D	
4.	В	
5.	D	
6.	В	
7.	Α	
8.	В	
9.	В	
10.	С	
11.	D	
12.	С	
13.	В	
14.	В	
15.	С	
16.	В	
17.	В	
18.	D	
19.	В	
20.	D	
21.	Α	
22.	D	
23.	D	
24.	D	
25.	Α	
26.	Α	
27.	В	
28.	В	
29.		
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31.		
32.	В	
33.	С	
	В	
	С	
36.		
37.	C	
38.	D	
39.	D	
40.		
41.	D	

42. B

	Key
43.	В
44.	В
45.	D
46.	Α
47.	В
48.	С
49.	D
50.	С
51.	D
52.	С
53.	С
54.	Α
55.	В
56.	D
57.	Α
58.	В
59.	С
60.	C
61.	В
62.	D
63.	D
64.	В
65.	
66.	C
67.	C
68.	C
69.	D
70.	С
71.	
72.	Α
73.	С
74.	
	С
76.	С
77.	В
78.	С
79.	С
80.	A
81.	
82.	C
83.	D

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84. C
                       85. D
                       86. D
                       87. D
                       88. D
                       89. C
                       90. A
                       91. D
                       92. A
                       93. B
                       94. C
                       95. D
                       96. A
. D
99. C
100. B
                      97. B
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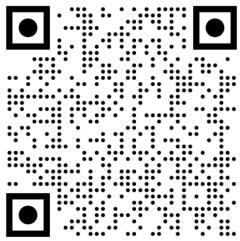






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